

A P P E A L

**TO THE POLITICAL PARTIES, SOCIAL
ORGANIZATIONS AND PEACE-LOVING PEOPLES
OF ALL COUNTRIES OF THE WORLD**

**(On the Occasion of the Month of the Anti-US Joint
Struggle for the Withdrawal of the US Troops
from South Korea)**

Pyongyang, DPRK

All the political parties and social organizations of various countries of the world struggling for justice and progress,

The world peace-loving peoples,

Today we mark the Month of anti-US Joint Struggle between June 25 and July 27 together with you.

On the occasion of this Month, the peace-loving peoples of the world are further intensifying the solidarity movement with the Korean people.

Ever-rising voices of solidarity in Asia, Africa, Latin-America and Europe are giving great encouragement to the Korean people in their struggle for the independent and peaceful reunification of the country.

On behalf of the entire Korean people, we express our profound thanks to the progressive political parties, social organizations and peace-loving peoples of the world for their unreserved support and encouragement to the Korean people fighting against war and for a durable peace in Korea and national reunification.

Peace and peaceful reunification of Korea are the common desire of the entire Korean people and the peace-loving peoples of the world.

When the gun report of war was stopped in Korea, the world people hoped that war would not be repeated on this land and expected the earliest reunification of Korea.

But even today after nearly 30 years a durable peace and the peaceful reunification in Korea, which the peace-loving peoples of the world ardently hoped, remain unrealized.

The danger of war and permanent division in Korea is further deepening with each passing day.

The national division for one-third of a century brings unbearable misfortunes and sufferings to our people.

What is the reason for the failure of the removal of tension in Korea and her peaceful reunification?

It is due to the continuous occupation of south Korea by the US

army and the divisive policy of the United States and the south Korean authorities to rig up "two Koreas".

In 1950 the US imperialists provoked the aggressive war against the Democratic People's Republic of Korea to conquer the whole of Korea, to make it their colony and reduce it to a base for invading the socialist countries and the Asian continent.

The US imperialists suffered the defeat for the first time in their history by the heroic resistance of the Korean people enjoying a unanimous support from the world peace-loving peoples and signed the Armistice Agreement, but their aggressive ambition has not been changed at all.

How can the danger of war in Korea be removed and a durable peace achieved with the ringleader of the war in Korea still staying in south Korea?

American President Carter said in his election "pledge" that he would withdraw the US troops from south Korea.

The world people welcomed it as a good thing.

The United States, however, has further increased its military assistance to south Korea behind the screen of deceptive clamour for "troop pullout" instead of withdrawing its troops from south Korea.

In recent few years alone, the United States has introduced into south Korea a great number of lethal weapons and operational equipment including nuclear weapons and guided missiles and continued to conduct frequently clamorous war exercises simulating the attack on the northern half of the Republic.

The United States conducted the largest-scale "south Korea-US joint operational exercise" unprecedented since the ceasefire in March last when the dialogue between the north and south was resumed and our side proposed to stop all military actions threatening the other side.

Now, the United States, while fabricating even false informations that our armed forces have been reinforced, prattles that it will stop its troops withdrawal from south Korea it has uttered though in an empty word.

The US authorities consistently egg the south Korean rulers onto war and national division and actively patronize and encourage their fascist terror rule.

Carter is intending to personally visit south Korea after a few days to

cover up the manoeuvres of the south Korean authorities who are most cruelly violating the human rights and trying to perpetuate the country's division, building even a reinforced concrete wall along the whole areas of the military demarcation line and to accelerate war preparations.

All facts show that the United States follows continually not the road of peace but the road of war and plots not reunification but permanent division in Korea.

The present rulers in south Korea intend to satisfy their wicked desire for a long-term office at the cost of selling the country and nation while flattering and yielding to the US imperialists and are further strengthening war preparations and the "two Koreas" plot according to the demand of US policy.

It is an anachronistic act that can never be tolerated.

Present era is an era of independence.

It is an irresistible trend of times that all the countries and nations in the world, big or small, are opposing all sorts of subjugations and taking the road of sovereignty and independence.

Nothing can justify the acts of the United States and the south Korean authorities to perpetuate the split of our country and continue the military occupation of south Korea by the US troops, going against the trend of times.

The United States and the south Korean authorities are going to justify their scheme to have the US troops stationed in south Korea and fix the division of Korea on the unreasonable plea that it aims at preventing what it calls "the threat of southward invasion."

However, as is widely known to the world the Government of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea already clarified on a number of occasions that it has no intention to "invade south."

It is entirely thanks to the invariable peace-loving policy of the Government of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea that peace has been maintained in Korea since the ceasefire.

The so-called "threat of southward invasion" clamoured by the United States and the south Korean authorities is nothing but a shield to cover their dirty intention to step up war preparations and to perpetuate the division of Korea.

The United States says as if the fixing of the present division of

Korea into "two Koreas" was a way to ensure peace in Korea.

There is neither ground nor condition whatsoever for our country to be divided into two in the light of the historical point of view or of the obtaining situation.

The maintenance of state of split in Korea will aggravate the tension between the north and south and in the long run, lead to conflict and war.

Korea must be reunified into one.

The national reunification is a burning desire of the entire Korean people and the greatest national task the solution of which brooks no delay.

Though she is now in a state of split due to the artificial barrier, warm sentiments of kinship are always cherished in the hearts of the people in north and south Korea.

The question of Korea's reunification must be settled independently by the Korean people themselves without any outside interference on a democratic principle and by peaceful means.

For the attainment of peace in Korea and realization of peaceful reunification of the country, first of all, all the foreign troops in south Korea must get out of it and foreign interference in internal affairs of Korea be put an end to.

The United States must give up its dangerous reinforcement of armed forces in south Korea and completely withdraw all its troops from south Korea at the earliest date in accordance with the UN resolution and its "pledge".

If the United States sincerely wants peace and hopes Korea's peaceful reunification, it must seek for the ways and means to solve the Korean question in a peaceful way through the negotiation with the Government of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea.

The Government of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea has already proposed to hold a negotiation with the United States and expressed its readiness to settle all necessary issues with the United States at any time when it has correct attitude towards the materialization of Korea's reunification.

It depends on whether the United States sincerely wants a negotia-

tion with us or not, and, whether she wants it for one Korea or for "two Koreas", if she accepts it.

If a talk is held between the Democratic People's Republic of Korea and the United States, the United States will be able to hand off the Korean question without being defamed. This fully conforms with not only our people's interests but the interests of the American people.

When the US Army is withdrawn from south Korea and the interference of the United States in our internal affairs is eliminated, the people in the north and south Korea will find by themselves a way to reunify the country on the basis of the North-South Joint Statement and attain the prosperity of the fatherland.

We have already set forth a large number of most reasonable proposals to solve the question of national reunification independently and peacefully through a dialogue.

Our proposals for national reunification—proposals that, from the ideal of the great national unity, the north and south of Korea should fully open society, eliminate the state of military confrontation, realize many-sided collaboration and interchanges and convene a great national congress composed of the representatives of people of all strata, all political parties and social organizations in the north and south and representatives from overseas compatriots' organizations and institute a north-south confederation—are ones acceptable to anyone, which fully conform with the present specific reality of our country.

When the US troops are withdrawn from south Korea and the country is reunified, Korea will hew out with vigor its way of development as a national independent state which is fully independent and peace-loving, and not subordinated to any alien forces.

The political parties, social organizations and people of the various countries who love justice and peace!

We appeal to you to conduct more strongly the mass international campaign demanding the withdrawal of US troops from south Korea in support of the Korean people's just cause for achieving the independent and peaceful national reunification after preventing permanent division and the danger of a new war in Korea.

We believe that you will add your strength to the nation-wide strug-

gle of our people to achieve the independent and peaceful reunification of the country after frustrating the criminal plots of the internal and external splittists who are intending to permanently divide our country which has been existed as a single state of a single nation throughout a long history into "two Koreas".

We appeal to you to resolutely condemn the violation of human rights in south Korea and extend your support and solidarity to the south Korean people in their just struggle to realize the democratization of south Korean society.

The Korean people will certainly achieve the independent and peaceful reunification of the country with the active support and encouragement of the peace-loving peoples the world over.

On the occasion of June 25-July 27 solidarity month with the Korean people this year, we are sure that all the political parties, social organizations and honest-minded people of all countries in the world, international organizations and international democratic organizations that love justice and peace will express stronger support to and solidarity with the sacred struggle of our people for national reunification.

The Workers' Party of Korea

The Korean Democratic Party

The Chondoist Chongu Party

**The Central Committee of the Democratic Front for the
Reunification of the Fatherland**

**The Committee for the Peaceful Reunification of the
Fatherland**

The General Federation of Trade Unions of Korea

The League of Socialist Working Youth of Korea

The Union of Agricultural Working People of Korea

The Korean Democratic Women's Union

**The General Federation of the Unions of Literature and
Arts of Korea**

The Korean Christians Federation

The Korean Buddhists Federation
The Korean Journalists Union
The Korean Democratic Lawyers Association
The Korean Students Committee
**The Korean Committee for Solidarity with the World
People**
The Korean Committee for Asian-African Solidarity
The Korean National Peace Committee

Pyongyang, June 24, 1979